5 Joints Webinar Series

The Hip

Dr. Grove Higgins With Master Trainer Pat Marques







Committed to the Health of Our Nation

Outline

- Introductions Dr. Kevin Steele
- Thank you and more to come
 - Gait Assessment Webinar August 10, 2020
 - Live & Online Anatomy in Fall 2020 Assessment
 - Colorado
 - Like and share these webinars on Social Media to help raise interest

- Biomechanics
 - Hip Movement
 - Posture/Gait
 - Functional Movement Assessment
 - In person
 - Online
- Overview of the 5 Joints Webinars
 NeuroBiomechanics
- Anatomy
 - Hip Basic Anatomy

- Drills and Tips
- Q&A



Introduction

- Dr. Grove Higgins
 - Chiropractor & Soft Tissue
 Practitioner
 - Speaker and Educator
 - Functional Anatomy Instructor
 - Strength & Conditioning
 - Research
 - Biomechanics Gait and Foot Development
 - Anatomy of Lower Leg Modeling
 - Exercise & Hormonal Response
 - Been in Medicine Since 1993

- Patrick Marques
 - Lt. Col. USA Ret.
 - BS Exercise Science, CPT, ZHealth Master Trainer & Instructor
 - Speaker and Educator
 - Corrective Exercise Therapist
 - Research
 - Exercise & Hormonal Response, Sleep



Introduction

- Neuroathlete & Clinic in Monument CO
 - Use a "Neural Lens" to address performance, pain, and recovery
 - Online assessment and training all over the world
 - USA, Sweden, & 18,000ft on Mt Everest
 - Clinic manual therapy, chiropractic, exercise therapy, neuropsychology
 - Work with trainers online and provide mentoring and tools





Thursdays 11:00-12:30PM MST

* Pay What You Can

https://www.medfitclassroom.org/five-joints/

GoToWebinar



Anatomy of the Hip



Leonardo da Vinci. Anatomy of the leg bones. 1510-1511. Codex Windsor, RL 19008



No.

Spine Hip – Anatomy **Pelvic Bone** • 1 Joint 4 Major Ligaments Sacrum • Extensive Acetabulum Capsule Ball Coccyx • Articular **Pubis** Cartilage Femur • Labrum • 21 Muscles Cross Hip • 7 Nerves Drive

Blausen.com staff (2014). "<u>Medical gallery of Blausen Medical 2014</u>". *WikiJournal of Medicine* **1** (2). https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Blausen_0488_HipAnatomy.png









https://openstax.org/books/anatomy-and-physiology/pages/11-6-appendicular-muscles-of-the-pelvic-girdle-and-lower-limbs

























Joint by Joint Model – Mobility vs. Stabilit



Boyle, M., Verstegen, M., & Cosgrove, A. (2015). Advances in functional training: training techniques for coaches, personal trainers and athletes. Santa Cruz, CA: On Target Publications.



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Joint by Joint Model – Mobility vs. Stability



Back Stiffness

Back Pain Hip Tightness & Loss of ROM

"Weak Hamstrings" & Sciatica

Knee Pain



Hip – Posture & Gait



- Neck & Shoulder Issues
- (next Week!)
- Back Pain
- Hip Tightness
 & Loss of ROM
- Tight Weak Hamstrings
- & Glutes
- Sciatica
- Knee Pain





Hip – Pelvic Obliquity

- Functional Short Leg Issues
 - Posture
- Gait Issues
 - Toe/Knee Out/In Duck/Pigeon Toed
 - Short Gait on One Side or Both
 - Extension or Flexion
 - Waddling Side to Side
- Functional Movement Issues
 - Hip Impingement
 - Stability
- Lots of Upstream Issues
 - Shoulders (Next Week)





Hip – Simple Assessment



- Gait Walking is your #1 Screening Tool ALWAYS!
- Forward Flexion (Toe Touch)
- Extension (Back Bend)
- Squat
- Forward Lunge
- Knee To Chest
- Figure Four Position



 FMS (Functional Movement Screen) is awesome: <u>https://www.functionalmovement.com/system/fms</u>



Questions?



Good questions inform, great questions transform

— Ken Coleman — (Baseball Hall of Fame)

AZQUOTES



- Good balance & movement requires input from 3 systems:
 - Vision
 - Vestibular
 - Proprioception
- Your Brain is the GPS, these systems are the satellites



- Proprioception
 - Lives in the brain
 - Your brain's 3D map of you in time and space
- Nerve endings that provide many different types of information to the nervous system such as:
 - Mechanoreceptors (*end ROM = more input!)
 - Chemoreceptors
 - Thermoreceptors
 - Baroreceptors
 - Electromagnetic Receptors
 - Nociceptors







- Assessments:
 - Squat or Lunge (quality/depth)
 - Active Pain-Free ROM
- Individual Joint Mobility Drills:
 - Lower Twists
 - Hip Openers
 - Pelvic Tilts
 - Hip Circles (4-Position)
- Femoral Nerve Glide



Lower Twists

- Lying on back, feet on floor, knees bent at 90°, feet & knees together
- Arms out to the sides
- Keeping feet & knees together, let legs fall to left, then to the right
- Repeat for 3-5 repetitions in each direction



• Hip Openers

- Left leg folded over right knee, then the following for 4 reps:
 - Legs just fall to the left & return
 - Legs fall again, but push a bit w/ left foot
 - Right foot walks out to the right a couple inches, then let the legs fall
 - Right foot walks out again to the right a couple inches, then let the legs fall
- Repeat on opposite side







- Pelvic Tilts (forward/back)
 - Neutral stance with knees slightly bent.
 - Tilt the pelvis forward & back, making sure to keep the low back as still as possible
 - Keep the abdominals relaxed throughout the movement
 - Common errors:
 - $\circ~$ Arching the low back to create motion
 - $\circ~$ Tightening abs and/or holding breath
 - Excessive tension in upper or lower body musculature
 - Repeat for 3-5 repetitions



Forward/Anterior Tilt

Rearward/Posterior Tilt



• Hip Circles (4-Position):

- Standing in neutral stance & long spine
- Knee is locked; pelvis straight & level •
- Perform circles at the hip joint in four ٠ positions:
 - Crossbody
 - Front
 - o Side
 - o Rear
- Focus on the hip joint not the leg
- 3-5 circles in each direction

• Regressions:

- Can do seated or lying
- Very small circles or linear movements

• Progressions:

- Externally & internally rotated hip joint ٠
- Not holding on for balance •
- Light band at the ankle for resistance ٠























Femoral Nerve Glide Tensioning:

- Start Position:
 - $\,\circ\,$ Knee of working leg on chair w/ knee flexion
 - $\,\circ\,$ Kneeling w/ working leg down
- Tensioning Sequence:
 - $\,\circ\,$ Hip extension & knee flexion
 - $\,\circ\,$ Posterior pelvic tilt (tuck tailbone)
 - $\,\circ\,$ Glide hips forward (for more hip extension)
 - $\,\circ\,$ Laterally flex and rotate lumbar spine:
 - To opposite side
 - To same side

Femoral Nerve Flossing:

- Taking one joint in and out of the tensioned position:
 - $\circ\,$ Glide hips forward & back (in and out of hip extension
 - $\,\circ\,$ Flex and extend the knee
 - $\,\circ\,$ In and out of the spinal lateral flexion & rotation
- 6-8 reps of "flossing"



Femoral Nerve Glide Tensioning/Flossing Regressions:

- Kneeling with support:
 - Foot unsupported = less knee flexion/less intense
 - Foot supported = more knee flexion/more intense
- Seated with leg off chair:
 - Foot unsupported = less knee flexion/less intense
 - Foot supported = more knee flexion/more intense
- Standing in lunge:

 $\,\circ\,$ No knee flexion











<u>Questions?</u>



Only good questions deserve good answers.

— Oscar Wilde —

AZQUOTES



5 Joints Webinar Series



Foot/Ankle – April 30th







Shoulder – May 21st





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